## **CLAIMS**

1. Use of a compound of the formula (I), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in the manufacture of a medicament for use in the treatment or prevention of a condition involving sodium ion flux through a sensory neurone specific channel of a sensory neurone

$$(R_1)_n \xrightarrow{X} (CH_2)_m$$
 (I)

wherein:

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10 - X is -N- or -CH-;

- n is from 0 to 3;

- each R<sub>1</sub> is the same or different and is a hydroxy, amino, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyloxy, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyloxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkylthio, (C<sub>1</sub>C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)amino or di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)amino group;
- p is 0 or 1;
- $R_1'$  is cyano, -NR/-CO-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -NR/-S(O)<sub>2</sub>-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -CO<sub>2</sub>H, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>OH, -CO<sub>2</sub>-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -O-S(O)<sub>2</sub>-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl) or -N[S(O)<sub>2</sub>-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)]<sub>2</sub>, wherein R/ is hydrogen or a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl group;
- 20 m is 1, 2 or 3; and .
  - R<sub>2</sub> is either
  - (a) -L-A, wherein L is a direct bond or a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl moiety and A is C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aryl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> carbocyclyl, a 5- to 10- membered heteroaryl group or a 5- to 10- membered heterocyclic group,
- 25 (b) -L-CR(A)<sub>2</sub> or -L-CH=C(A)<sub>2</sub> wherein R is hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, L is as defined above and each A is the same or different and is as defined above,
  - c) -L'-Het-A', wherein Het is -O-, -S- or -NR'-, A' is -L-A, -L-CR(A)<sub>2</sub> or -L-CH=C(A)<sub>2</sub>, R' is H or -L-A, L' is a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl moiety, L is as defined above, R is as defined above and each A is the same or different and is as defined above,

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- (d) -L-CO-NR<sub>3</sub>R<sub>4</sub> or -L-CS-NR<sub>3</sub>R<sub>4</sub>, wherein L is as defined above and either (i) R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub>, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 5- to 10- membered heteroaryl or heterocyclyl group or (ii) R<sub>3</sub> represents -L-H or A' wherein L and A' are as defined above, and R<sub>4</sub> represents -L'-H, -L'-CO-A', -L'-S(O)<sub>2</sub>-A', -L'-Het-A', -NR-CO-N(A)<sub>2</sub>, -N(A)<sub>2</sub>, -A-Het-A, -A', -L-CR(LA)<sub>2</sub> or -L-CH=C(LA)<sub>2</sub> wherein each L is the same or different, each A is the same or different, and L', L, R, A and A' are as defined above,
- (e) -CO-L-NR<sub>3</sub>R<sub>4</sub> or -CS-L-NR<sub>3</sub>R<sub>4</sub> wherein L, R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> are as defined above,
- (f) -CO-A' or -CS-A' wherein A' is as defined above,
- 10 (g) -L'-O-N=C(A)<sub>2</sub> or -CO-L'-O-N=C(A)<sub>2</sub> wherein L' is as defined above and each A is the same or different and is as defined above, or
  - (h) -L'-NR-CO-NR<sub>3</sub>R<sub>4</sub> or -L'-NR-CS-NR<sub>3</sub>R<sub>4</sub>, wherein L', R, R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> are as defined above,

## wherein

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- said aryl, carbocyclyl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl groups are optionally fused to one or two cyclic moieties selected from phenyl rings and 5- to 6- membered heterocyclyl and heteroaryl groups, and
  - said aryl, heteroaryl, carbocyclyl and heterocyclyl groups are unsubstituted or are substituted by 1, 2 or 3 substituents which are the same or different and are selected from C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, halogen, hydroxy, amino, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)amino, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkylthio, -NH-CO-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -CO-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -CO<sub>2</sub>-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), 5- or 6- membered heteroaryl, phenyl and -CHPh<sub>2</sub> substituents, the phenyl and heteroaryl moieties in said substituents being unsubstituted or substituted by 1 or 2 further substituents selected from halogen atoms, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl groups, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkoxy groups and -NH-CO-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl) groups,

provided that (a) when  $R_2$  is -L-A, A is other than a benzimidazolyl group, and (b) when  $R_2$  is -CO-A' or -CS-A', A is other than a pyrazolopyrimidinyl or pyrazolyl group.

- 2. Use according to claim 1, wherein:
- X is -N- or -CH-;

- n is from 0 to 3;
- p is 0;
- each R<sub>1</sub> is the same or different and is a hydroxy, amino, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthio, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)amino or di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)amino group;
- m is 1, 2 or 3; and
- R<sub>2</sub> is either

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- (a) -L-A, wherein L is a direct bond or a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl moiety and A is C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aryl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> carbocyclyl, a 5- to 10- membered heterocyclic group,
- (b) -L-CR(A)<sub>2</sub> or -L-CH=C(A)<sub>2</sub> wherein R is hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, L is as defined above and each A is the same or different and is as defined above,
- c) -L'-Het-A', wherein Het is -O-, -S- or -NR'-, A' is -L-A, -L-CR(A)<sub>2</sub> or -L-CH=C(A)<sub>2</sub>, R' is H or -L-A, L' is a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl moiety, L is as defined above, R is as defined above and each A is the same or different and is as defined above,
- (d) -L-CO-NR<sub>3</sub>R<sub>4</sub> or -L-CS-NR<sub>3</sub>R<sub>4</sub>, wherein L is as defined above and either (i) R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub>, together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a 5- to 10- membered heteroaryl or heterocyclyl group or (ii) R<sub>3</sub> represents -L-H or A' wherein L and A' are as defined above, and R<sub>4</sub> represents -L'-H, -L'-CO-A, A', -L-CR(LA)<sub>2</sub> or -L-CH=C(LA)<sub>2</sub> wherein each L is the same or different, each A is the same or different, and L', L, R, A and A' are as defined above,
  - (e) -CO-L-NR<sub>3</sub>R<sub>4</sub> or -CS-L-NR<sub>3</sub>R<sub>4</sub> wherein L, R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> are as defined above,
  - (f) -CO-A' or -CS-A' wherein A' is as defined above, or
- 25 (g) -L'-O-N=C(A)<sub>2</sub> or -CO-L'-O-N=C(A)<sub>2</sub> wherein L' is as defined above and each A is the same or different and is as defined above,

## wherein

- said aryl, carbocyclyl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl groups are optionally fused to one or two cyclic moieties selected from phenyl rings and 5- to 6- membered heterocyclyl and heteroaryl groups, and
- said aryl, heteroaryl, carbocyclyl and heterocyclyl groups are unsubstituted or are substituted by 1, 2 or 3 substituents which are the same or different and are selected from  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  haloalkyl, halogen, hydroxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$

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haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkylthio, phenyl and -CHPh<sub>2</sub> substituents, the phenyl moieties in said substituents being unsubstituted or substituted by 1 or 2 halogen atoms,

provided that (a) when  $R_2$  is -L-A, A is other than a benzimidazolyl group and (b) when  $R_2$  is -CO-A' or -CS-A', A is other than a pyrazolopyrimidinyl or pyrazolyl group.

- 3. Use according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl and carbocyclyl groups and moieties in the substituents R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> are unsubstituted or substituted by 1, 2 or 3 substituents which are the same or different and are selected from halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, hydroxy, amino, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkylthio, -NH-CO-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl), -CO-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl), -CO<sub>2</sub>-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl), 5- membered heteroaryl, phenyl and -CHPh<sub>2</sub> substituents, the phenyl and heteroaryl moieties in said substituents being unsubstituted or substituted by one or two further substituents selected from halogen atom, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl groups, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkoxy groups and -NH-CO-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl) groups.
- 4. Use according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein each R<sub>1</sub> is the same or different and is a hydroxy, amino, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkenyloxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylthio or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkylthio group.
  - 5. Use according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein each L moiety in the R<sub>2</sub> substituent is the same or different and represents a direct bond or a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl moiety and/or each L' moiety in the R<sub>2</sub> substituent is the same or different and represents a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl moiety.
- 6. Use according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein each A moiety in the R<sub>2</sub> substituent is the same or different and represents a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aryl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, 5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl or 5- or 6- membered heteroaryl group, which group is (a) unsubstituted or substituted by 1, 2 or 3 substituents selected from C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, halogen, hydroxy, amino, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)amino, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>

alkyl)amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkylthio, -NH-CO-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl), phenyl and halophenyl substituents and (b) optionally fused to one or two cyclic moieties selected from phenyl rings and 5- to 6- membered heterocyclyl or heteroaryl groups.

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- 7. Use according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein each R substituent in each -CR(A)<sub>2</sub> moiety is the same or different and is hydrogen or methyl.
- 8. Use according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein each Het moiety in the R<sub>2</sub> substituent is -O-, -S- or -NR'- wherein R' is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, phenyl or -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)-phenyl.
  - 9. Use according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein, when R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub>, together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, form a heterocycle, they form a 5- to 7- membered heterocyclyl group.
- 10. Use according to claim 9, wherein, when R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub>, together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, form a heterocycle, they form a morpholino, thiomorpholino, S-oxo-thiomorpholino, S,S-dioxo-thiomorpholino, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl or homopiperidinyl ring which is (a) optionally fused to one or two cyclic moieties selected from phenyl rings and 5- to 6- membered heteroaryl rings, and (b) unsubstituted or substituted by 1 or 2 substituents selected from C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylthio, halogen, phenyl, -CHPh<sub>2</sub>, -CO-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl), -CO<sub>2</sub>-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl) and 5- to 6- membered heteroaryl substituents, the phenyl and heteroaryl moieties in said substituents being unsubstituted or substituted by 1 or 2 further substituents selected from halogen atoms, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl groups, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkoxy groups and -NH-CO(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl) groups.
- 11. Use according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein, when R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub>
  do not together form a heterocycle, R<sub>3</sub> represents hydrogen or a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, phenyl,
  -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)-phenyl or -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)-CHPh<sub>2</sub> group in which the phenyl moieties
  are unsubstituted or substituted by a hydroxy group and R<sub>4</sub> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, A,
  -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)-A, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-CH(A)<sub>2</sub>, -CH[(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>A]<sub>2</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-CO-A, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-O-

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CH(A)<sub>2</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-S-CH(A)<sub>2</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-S(O)-CH(A)<sub>2</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-S(O)<sub>2</sub>-CH(A)<sub>2</sub>, -NH-CO-N(A)<sub>2</sub>, -N(A)<sub>2</sub> or -A-O-A, wherein each A is the same or different and is as defined above and m is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4, the A moieties in the R<sub>4</sub> substituent being (a) unsubstituted or substituted by one or two substituents selected from  $C_1$ -C<sub>4</sub> alkyl,  $C_1$ -C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, halogen, hydroxy, amino,  $C_1$ -C<sub>2</sub> haloalkyl,  $C_1$ -C<sub>5</sub> haloalkylthio substituents and (b) monocyclic or fused to one or two phenyl rings.

- 12. Use according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein, when  $R_2$  is defined according to option (a), A is monocyclic.
- 13. Use according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein, when  $R_2$  is defined according to option (f), A is a said  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$  aryl group.
- 14. Use according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein
- 15 X is -N- or -CH-;
  - n is 0 or 1;
  - each R<sub>1</sub> is the same or different and is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl, hydroxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkoxy;
  - p is 0 or 1;
  - R<sub>1</sub>' is cyano, -NH-CO-CH<sub>3</sub>, -NH-S(O)<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>3</sub>, -O-S(O)<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>3</sub>, -N[SO<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>3</sub>]<sub>2</sub> or -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-OH;
    - m is 1, 2 or 3; and
    - R<sub>2</sub> is either
- -L-A wherein L represents a direct bond or a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl moiety, for example a methyl, ethyl or propyl moiety, and A is a phenyl, thienyl, triazolyl, pyridyl, fluorenyl, thiazolyl, tetrahydroisoquinolinyl, 9H-carbazolyl, indolinyl, 9H-xanthenyl or benzimidazolyl group, which group is unsubstituted or substituted by one or two substituents selected from halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl, hydroxy, amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> haloalkylthio, -NH-CO-CH<sub>3</sub> and phenyl substituents,
- 30 (b) -L-CR(A)<sub>2</sub> or -L-CH=C(A)<sub>2</sub> wherein R is hydrogen or methyl, L is as defined above and each A is the same or different and is as defined above,
  - (c) -L'-Het-A' wherein Het is -O- or -NR'- wherein R' is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl or benzyl, A' is -L-A, -L-CR(A)<sub>2</sub> or -L-CH=C(A)<sub>2</sub>, L' is a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl moiety,

- for example a methyl, ethyl or propyl moiety, L is as defined above, R is as defined above and each A is the same or different and is as defined above,
- -L-CO-NR<sub>3</sub>R<sub>4</sub> wherein L is as defined above and either (i) R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub>, together (d) with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, form a morpholino, thiomorpholino, S-oxo-thiomorpholino, S,S-dioxo-thiomorpholino, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl or homopiperidinyl ring which is (a) optionally fused to one or two cyclic moieties selected from phenyl rings and 5- to 6membered heteroaryl rings, and (b) unsubstituted or substituted by one or two substituents selected from C1-C4 alkyl, C1-C4 haloalkyl, C1-C4 alkoxy, C1-C4 alkylthio, halogen, phenyl, -CHPh<sub>2</sub>, -CO-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl), -CO<sub>2</sub>-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl) 10 and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl substituents, the phenyl and heteroaryl moieties in said substituents being unsubstituted or substituted by one or two further substituents selected from halogen atoms,  $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl groups,  $C_1$ - $C_2$ alkoxy groups and -NH-CO-(C1-C2 alkyl) groups, or (ii) R3 represents hydrogen, C1-C4 alkyl or an unsubstituted benzyl, phenyl, hydroxyphenyl or -(C1-C2 alkyl)-CHPh2 group and R4 represents C1-C4 alkyl, fluorenyl, phenyl, pyridyl, -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)-phenyl, -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)-(5- to 6- membered heteroaryl), -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-(9H-carbazolyl), -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-indolinyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-(9H-xanthenyl), -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-O-CHA"A", -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-S-CHA"A", -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-S(O)-CHA"A", -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-S(O)<sub>2</sub>-CHA"A", -NH-CO-N(phenyl)<sub>2</sub>, -N(phenyl)<sub>2</sub> or -A"-O-A", 20 -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-CHA"A", -CH[(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>Ph]<sub>2</sub> or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>p</sub>-CO-R where m is 0, 1, 2 or 3, . A'' and A''' are the same or different and each represent phenyl or a 5- or 6membered heteroaryl group, n is 0, 1 or 2, p is 1, 2 or 3 and R is 5- or 6membered heterocyclic group fused to a phenyl ring, for example a. tetrahydroisoquinoline group, the cyclic moieties in said R4 groups being 25 unsubstituted or substituted by a halogen atom, C1-C2 alkyl, hydroxy, amino or  $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkoxy group,  $\cdots$ 
  - (e) -CO-L-NR<sub>3</sub>R<sub>4</sub> or -CS-L-NR<sub>3</sub>R<sub>4</sub> wherein L, R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> are as defined above,
  - (f) -CO-A' or -CS-A' where A' is as defined above,
- 30 (g) -CO-L'-O-N=C(A)<sub>2</sub> wherein L' is as defined above and each A is the same or different and is as defined above; or
  - (h) -L'-NR-CO-NR<sub>3</sub>R<sub>4</sub> or -L'-NR-CS-NR<sub>3</sub>R<sub>4</sub> wherein L', R, R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> are as defined above,

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provided that when R<sub>2</sub> is -L-A, A is monocyclic.

- 15. Use according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein said condition is chronic or acute pain, a bowel disorder, a bladder dysfunction, tinnitus or a demyelinating disease.
- 16. A compound of the formula (I), as defined in any one of claims 1 to 14, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 17. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of the formula (I), as defined in any one of claims 1 to 14, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.
- 18. A composition according to claim 17 which is a capsule or tablet comprising from 10 to 500 mg of a compound of the formula (I), as defined in any one of claims

  1 to 14, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
  - 19. An inhalation device comprising a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 18.
  - 20. An inhalation device according to claim 19 which is a nebulizer.
  - 21. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 14, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, for use in the treatment of the human or animal body.
  - 22. A method of treating a patient suffering from or susceptible to a condition as defined in claim 1 or 15, which method comprises administering to said patient an effective amount of a compound of formula (I), as defined in any of claims 1 to 14, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

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